**Hand & power tools** 

## **Supporting:**

MSFFL2001: Use flooring technology sector hand and power tools





# Workbook



Name:

# Hand and power tools Workbook

Containing learning activities and assignments for the unit of competency:

MSFFL2001: Use flooring technology sector hand and power tools

The assignment templates are also available in an electronic 'Word' version, downloadable from the INTAR website at:

www.intar.com.au







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This training resource forms part of the Flooring Technology project, developed and coordinated by INTAR (Industry Network Training and Assessment Resources). To see the on-line versions of the resources available under this project, please go to the INTAR website and follow the links.



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In all cases, users should consult the original source documents before relying on any information presented in the resource. These source documents include manufacturers' installation guides, Australian Standards, codes of practice and other materials produced by specialist industry bodies and government agencies.

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# Introduction

Hand and power tools is a 'learning unit' from the Flooring Technology training resource. It supports the following competency from the *Certificate III in Flooring Technology* (MSF30813):

MSFFL2001:Use flooring technology sector hand and power tools

To be assessed as competent, your assessor will use a range of methods to check your understanding of the concepts presented in the Learner guide for this unit and your ability to apply these principles at work.

#### These may include:

- written assignments
- practical demonstrations
- on-the-job discussions about how you go about particular activities
- activities undertaken while you're progressing through the unit
- log book or work diary.

#### Literacy, numeracy and computer skills

Literacy is the ability to read and write. To complete this qualification, you will need sufficient literacy skills to produce a range of workplace documents. You will also need the skills to be able to read and understand documents such as order forms, installation instructions, project briefs and safe operating procedures.

Numeracy is the ability to work with numbers. Flooring installers need to do lots of measure-ups and calculations, so there will be many opportunities for you to learn and practise your numeracy skills.

When it comes to completing the written assignments for this qualification, a certain level of literacy ability is required to read the questions and write down your answers. There will also be times when you are asked to generate documents on a computer.

Obviously, it's important that you clearly understand what the assignment is asking you to do, and that your work is a good reflection of what you really know. So if you're having trouble reading the questions, writing down your answers, or using certain computer programs, make sure you speak to your trainer before you hand the assignment in.

There are various ways your trainer can help you. For example, they may be able to ask the assignment questions verbally and help you to write down your answers. They may also be able to show you sample answers to similar questions, which will

let you look at the way they're written and give you hints on how to write your own. You may also be allowed to do the assignment with the assistance of another person.

#### **Applying for RPL**

RPL stands for **Recognition of Prior Learning.** It is a form of assessment that acknowledges the skills and knowledge you have gained through:

- on-the-job experience
- formal training in other courses
- life experience, through your hobbies or other outside activities.

If you believe that you are already competent in some or all of the skills covered in this unit, ask your assessor about how to apply for RPL.

#### **Using this workbook**

All of the lessons in the Learner guide for this unit have learning activities at the end. Their purpose is to provide discussion points and questions to help reinforce your understanding of the concepts being presented.

There are also a range of assignments, which appear at the end of each section. These are designed to test your knowledge of the subject matter and ability to submit written responses in an acceptable format.

This workbook reproduces all of the learning activities and assignments in a format that lets you handwrite your answers to the questions.

Note that your trainer may ask you to produce a computer-generated document for all of the formal assignments, either printed out in hard copy or submitted electronically. To do this, go to the website version of the unit and look for the *Assignment* link in each section. This will allow you to type your answers into the 'Word' document and then either print it out or email it direct to your trainer as an attachment.

You may also be asked to share your learning activity answers electronically, especially if you are undertaking this unit by distance learning and are linked up with fellow students in other locations. This might be done through group emails or via a social networking site such as Facebook. In these cases, you should use the website resource rather than this workbook.

Part

# Learning activities



# **Section 1: Types of tools**

#### **General hand tools**

What types of straight edges and squares do you use at work that aren't discussed in this lesson in the Learner guide?

Use the space below to do simple line drawings of your own examples. Write the name of the tool beside each drawing.

#### **Subfloor preparation**

Choose one type of subfloor preparation you've been involved in and fill in the information required below. If you haven't been involved in a subfloor preparation before, answer the questions based on your background knowledge.

•	Type of subfloor and materials used in the substrate (e.g. particleboard flooring on timber floor joists, concrete slab on the ground, etc.).

 Hand and power tools used by you and the other members of your team to prepare the substrate up to the stage of laying the floor covering, plus a brief description of what each tool was used for.

Tool	Purpose

#### **Carpet installation**

What tools do you know of that are used to lay carpet, other than the ones described in this lesson in the Leaner guide? You may have used them yourself, or you may have seen them elsewhere. Write down the name of each tool and its purpose.

Tool	Purpose

#### Resilient installation

Choose one type of resilient installation and list all the tools required to lay the floor covering. State the type of subfloor you will be working on and the flooring product you have chosen. For each tool you name, briefly describe its purpose.

Installation type	
Subfloor type	

Tool	Purpose
Timber installatior	า
part of a group, work w	ation of what floating floor means. If you're studying this unit as with another learner to come up with an explanation. You may brand name for the product that makes the floor 'float'.

## Storage and maintenance

List each tool that you are personally responsible for and briefly state what sort of maintenance procedures you carry out.

Tool	Maintenance procedures

# **Section 2: Power sources**

#### **Electricity**

Write up a list of the hand-held electric tools you regularly use, naming their brand and power source (mains power or battery).

Also state the size of the tool if you know it. Note that the size is generally expressed in terms of the attachment that does the actual work – such as blade diameter, cutter length or drill bit diameter.

Tool	Size	Power source

#### **Compressed air**

Is there an air compressor in the building where you are right now? You might have it on-site with you, or in the TAFE college workshop, or at the warehouse where you're working. If you don't have a compressor nearby, look up a typical example on the web. Choose a size that you would be likely to use at work.

Answer the following questions. You should be able to find the answers on the machine itself or in the specifications listed on the manufacturer's website.

1. What brand is the compressor?

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2.	What is the cubic capacity of the receiver?	
3.	Is the pump diesel, petrol or electric?	
4.	What is the free air delivery rating (in litres per minute)?	
5.	What type of air filter does it use?	
	ou're looking at the compressor right now and it's in operation, also answer the owing questions:	
6.	What operating pressure is it set at?	
7.	How many hoses branch off it?	
8.	What types of equipment is it running?	

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#### Other power sources

The following link will take you to a video clip produced by Ramset Australia which describes the difference between high velocity and low velocity powder actuated fasteners. Watch the clip and then answer the questions below.

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MD-yAjSPgwU

What is a 'power load'?
Why is it important to select the correct power load for the material you're fastening into?

# **Section 3: Safe operating procedures**

•	31	
General safety		
Point 5 in this lesson refers to the problem is kickback?	m of 'kickback' in power tools. What exactly	
Drill operation		
Name the type of bit used to drill the following holes.		
Hole type	Drill bit type	

Hole type	Drill bit type
6 mm hole in a piece of timber	
32 mm hole in a sheet of plywood	
12 mm hole in a concrete slab	

# Jigsaw operation

Do some research on the different blades available for your own jigsaw, or the one you're using in your training session. What materials are they designed to cut? Write down the main distinguishing features of the different blades.				

Planer operation
Point 5 in this lesson says you should plane in the direction of the grain. What would happen if you planed solid timber against the grain? That is, what would the finished surface look like?
Circular saw operation
Point 1 in this lesson talks about the importance of securing the material you're about to cut. How would you go about securing the following two pieces of work? Use a drawing for each one to illustrate your answer if you wish.
<ol> <li>A long length of solid timber skirting board (say 4.8 m long), to be cut in the middle.</li> </ol>
2. A 2400 x 1200 sheet of plywood, to be cut back to 1800 x 1200.

# Nail gun operation

1.	What do you think would be the extra safety problems associated with bump fire mode?		
2.	How would this start firing?	affect the way you use the gun, or position yourself before you	
He	eat welder ope	eration	
	me a specific sho the welded sean	eet vinyl or linoleum product and state the recommended tip size ns	
Flo	ooring product		
We	elding tip size		
He	at bond iron	operation	
Na iror		duct and the recommended temperature setting for the heat bond	
Ca	rpet product		
He	at setting		

Part 2

# **Assignments**



# **Assignment 1**

Name	Date	

Choose three hand tools you use at work that don't require a power source other than your own muscles.

For each tool answer the following questions in the tables provided below.

- 1. What type of tool is it?
- 2. Who is the manufacturer and what is the brand name of the tool?
- 3. What is its main purpose?
- 4. What secondary functions does the tool have (if any)? That is, does the tool have any other features, attachments or uses?
- 5. What personal protective equipment should you wear when you are using the tool (if any)? For example, do you need to wear safety glasses, gloves, dust mask, etc. If you only need to wear PPE for certain types of jobs, state the item of PPE and briefly describe when it would be required.
- 6. Does the tool have any fragile or delicate parts that need to be protected? If so, how do you protect them, and how do you carry the tool to the jobsite?
- 7. Does the tool have any parts that are designed to wear out and be replaced on a regular basis? For example, you may need to carry spare blades, cutters, tips, etc. What are these replacement parts, and how do you carry them with you to the jobsite?
- 8. Do you need to carry any other equipment or maintenance item to the site to keep the tool operational? For example, do you need to have a sharpening stone, oil, grease or other item in your toolbox to keep it working properly?
- 9. What checks do you need to carry out before you use the tool? These may include safety checks, adjustments, inspections on the sharpness of blades, tightening of screws, etc.
- 10. What are the main things that can go wrong with the tool? For each problem you state, briefly describe how you would fix it, or whether the problem would mean that the tool must be put in for repair or thrown out.

Tool 1	
1. Type of tool	
2. Manufacturer	
3. Brand name	
4. Main purpose	
5. Secondary functions	
6. PPE required	
7. Replacement parts / storage and carrying	
8. Support equipment required	
9. Pre-operational checks	
10. Problems and solutions	

Tool 2	
1. Type of tool	
2. Manufacturer	
3. Brand name	
4. Main purpose	
5. Secondary functions	
6. PPE required	
7. Replacement parts / storage and carrying	
8. Support equipment required	
9. Pre-operational checks	
10. Problems and solutions	

Tool 3	
1. Type of tool	
2. Manufacturer	
3. Brand name	
4. Main purpose	
5. Secondary functions	
6. PPE required	
7. Replacement parts / storage and carrying	
8. Support equipment required	
9. Pre-operational checks	
10. Problems and solutions	

# **Assignment 2**

Name	Date	

Choose two power tools from your workplace that both have the same function but are powered by different energy sources. For example, you may have two drills – one running on mains electricity and the other on battery. You might even have a drill that's driven by compressed air.

Answer the following questions in the table provided below:

- 1. What type of tool are they? State the category of tool your two selections belong to, such as: circular saw, drill, planer, etc.
- 2. What are the two power sources for these tools? These may include: mains electricity, compressed air, rechargeable battery or gas.
- 3. Who is the manufacturer (or manufacturers, if they are made by different companies)? That is, what are their brand names?
- 4. What size is each tool? Describe the size in terms of their drill bit diameter, blade diameter, cutter length, nail length, etc.
- 5. What are the power ratings? State the power ratings in terms of wattage, operating pressure, etc.
- 6. What are the main advantages of each tool? List the advantages, particularly in comparison to the other tool you have selected.
- 7. What are the main disadvantages of each tool? List the main disadvantages, again with particular reference to the other tool.

1. Type of tool		
	Power tool 1	Power tool 2
2. Power source		
3. Manufacturer		
4. Size		
5. Power rating		
6. Main advantages		
7. Main disadvantages		

# **Assignment 3**

Name	Date	

Choose three hand-held power tools you use at work. Do not include either of the tools you selected for Assignment 2. In preference, select tools you will be using for your practical demonstration assessment activities in this unit.

For each tool, use the tables on the following pages to answer the questions below:

- 1. What type of tool is it?
- 2. Who is the manufacturer and what is the brand name of the tool?
- 3. What is its main purpose?
- 4. What personal protective equipment should you wear when you're using the tool? For example, do you need to wear ear muffs, safety glasses, dust mask, etc. If you only need to wear PPE for certain types of jobs, state the item of PPE and briefly describe when it would be required.
- 5. Specify the attachment or item of hardware on the tool that does the actual work that is, the drilling, cutting, welding, fastening, heating etc. Preferably, describe the attachments you'll be using for your practical assessment activity, if they are different from the one that's normally fitted to the tool.
- 6. What checks do you need to carry out before you use the tool? These may include adjustments, calibrations, safety checks, inspections of wear and tear, etc.
- 7. What routine maintenance procedures are required to keep the tool in good condition? Describe the maintenance procedures, including when they should be carried out, e.g. after each use, weekly, monthly, etc.
- 8. What are the main problems that would cause you to tag-out the tool and have it discarded or put in for repair? Describe the sorts of things that would make you think the tool was not safe to use. These could relate to unusual sounds, smells, loose parts, damaged parts, etc.

Tool 1			
1. Type of tool			
2. Manufacturer			
3. Main purpose			
4. PPE required			
5. Attachment			
6. Pre-operational checks			
7. Routine maintenance			
8. Problems requiring tag-out			

Tool 2	
1. Type of tool	
2. Manufacturer	
3. Main purpose	
4. PPE required	
5. Attachment	
6. Pre-operational checks	
7. Routine maintenance	
8. Problems requiring tag-out	

Tool 3			
1. Type of tool			
2. Manufacturer			
3. Main purpose			
4. PPE required			
5. Attachment			
6. Pre-operational checks			
7. Routine maintenance			
8. Problems requiring tag-out			

# **Practical demonstrations**

The checklist below sets out the sorts of things your trainer will be looking for when you undertake the practical demonstrations for this unit. Make sure you talk to your trainer or supervisor about any of the details that you don't understand, or aren't ready to demonstrate, before the assessment event is organised. This will give you time to get the hang of the tasks you will need to perform, so that you'll feel more confident when the time comes to be assessed.

When you are able to tick all of the YES boxes below you will be ready to carry out the practical demonstration component of this unit.

General performance evidence		
1.	Follow all relevant WHS laws and regulations, and company policies and procedures	
2.	Identify tools and their functions, and select the correct tools for the job	
3.	Check that tools are operating properly and safely	
4.	Recognise different sources of power supply	
5.	Correct faults within level of authority, or take tools to authorised person for repair	
6.	Select appropriate equipment for holding down or supporting materials	
7.	Secure material firmly before starting work with hand or power tools	
8.	Wear appropriate PPE for the job being undertaken	
9.	Operate tools safely and efficiently, and keep them secure when not in use	
10.	Store or recycle unused materials	
11.	Clean and store tools and equipment appropriately	
12.	Clean up work area and dispose of rubbish properly	
13.	Accurately complete all required documentation	